## **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (4) Impingement sampling. You must collect samples to monitor impingement rates (simple enumeration) for each species over a 24-hour period and no less than once per month when the cooling water intake structure is in operation.
- (5) Entrainment sampling. If your facility is subject to the requirements of 125.134(b)(1)(i), or if your facility is subject to §125.134(c) and is a fixed facility without a sea chest, you must collect samples to monitor entrainment rates (simple enumeration) for each species over a 24-hour period and no less than biweekly during the primary period of reproduction, larval recruitment, and peak abundance identified during the Source Water Baseline Biological Characterization required by 40 CFR 122.21(r)(4) or the Comprehensive Demonstration Study required in §125.136(c)(2). You must collect samples only when the cooling water intake structure is in operation.
- (b) Velocity monitoring. If your facility uses a surface intake screen systems. you must monitor head loss across the screens and correlate the measured value with the design intake velocity. The head loss across the intake screen must be measured at the minimum ambient source water surface elevation (best professional judgment based on available hydrological data). The maximum head loss across the screen for each cooling water intake structure must be used to determine compliance with the velocity requirement in §125.134(b)(2). If your facility uses devices other than surface intake screens, you must monitor velocity at the point of entry through the device. You must monitor head loss or velocity during initial facility startup, and thereafter, at the frequency specified in your NPDES permit, but no less than once per quarter.
- (c) Visual or remote inspections. You must either conduct visual inspections or employ remote monitoring devices during the period the cooling water intake structure is in operation. You must conduct visual inspections at least weekly to ensure that any design and construction technologies required in §125.134(b)(4), (b)(5), (c), and/or (d) are maintained and operated to ensure that they will continue to function as

designed. Alternatively, you must inspect via remote monitoring devices to ensure that the impingement and entrainment technologies are functioning as designed.

## § 125.138 As an owner or operator of a new offshore oil and gas extraction facility, must I keep records and report?

As an owner or operator of a new offshore oil and gas extraction facility you are required to keep records and report information and data to the Director as follows:

- (a) You must keep records of all the data used to complete the permit application and show compliance with the requirements, any supplemental information developed under §125.136, and any compliance monitoring data submitted under §125.137, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of permit issuance. The Director may require that these records be kept for a longer period.
- (b) You must provide the following to the Director in a yearly status report:
- (1) For fixed facilities, biological monitoring records for each cooling water intake structure as required by §125.137(a);
- (2) Velocity and head loss monitoring records for each cooling water intake structure as required by \$125.137(b); and
- (3) Records of visual or remote inspections as required in §125.137(c).

## § 125.139 As the Director, what must I do to comply with the requirements of this subpart?

- (a) Permit application. As the Director, you must review materials submitted by the applicant under 40 CFR 122.21(r), \$125.135, and \$125.136 at the time of the initial permit application and before each permit renewal or reissuance.
- (1) After receiving the initial permit application from the owner or operator of a new offshore oil and gas extraction facility, the Director must determine applicable standards in §125.134 or §125.135 to apply to the new offshore oil and gas extraction facility. In addition, the Director must review materials to determine compliance with the applicable standards.